

WOMAN ATTEMPTS TO SHOOT SISTER'S BETRAYER IN COURT

Follows Prisoner Into Pen and Tries to Draw Revolver to Avenge Alleged Wrongs of Young Girl.

Michela Corbisico, a dashing, black-eyed young woman, tried to kill Joseph Negri, accused of betraying her young sister, as the man was walking from the bridge of the Harlem Court to-day.

The attempt would have been entirely successful, had it not been that an Evening World reporter was directly in the line of fire, and realizing before any else that the enraged Michela held a blue-steel revolver, grappled with her and yelled for big "Mike" Nachbar, who policeman.

Even then it took the combined weight and strength of Nachbar, who weighs 250 pounds, of the reporter, who is also heavy, and of other policemen, to subdue the young woman, who was reinforced by her father, Giuseppe Fichella, her mother, and a brother.

Joseph Negri is a tall, twenty-one years old, and lives across from the Fichella, at No. 206 East One Hundred and Fourteenth street. He was arrested Tuesday by Agents Barclay and Hughes, of the Gerry Society, charged with having attacked Teresa Fichella, fifteen years old.

The Gerry agents and the girl's relatives say that he admitted having taken young Teresa on May 11 to a room in the Hotel Boulevard. The girl, they say, confessed, and Negri, after a talk with Michela Corbisico, who is married to a machinist, and Teresa's father, agreed to a wedding.

Defied Whole Family.
The case had been continued until to-day and the whole Fichella family was on the bridge when Negri came out, expecting to consent to withdraw the charge against him, when he told Magistrate Harris he would make Teresa his wife.

Much to their surprise, however, he announced that he had changed his mind, and he would rather go "down-town" and stand trial. Michela became very excited at this and young Teresa burst out crying.

"I give you all I have saved," said Michela, going closer to the Negri. "See, it is \$50—it will buy you things for your place when you go to keep the house. Will you marry my sister?"

"Oh, you want me too bad," said Negri, with a sneer, and Magistrate Harris brought his gavel down with a bang.

"I'll hold this man in \$1,500 bail," he said. "Next case."

It was when Negri started toward the "pen" from the bridge, that Michela followed. Only the reporter saw her reach into her hand-bag and draw out something wrapped in her handkerchief. He thought at first she was lifting her hand to deliver Negri, but saw the glimmer of the steel barrel pointed in his direction.

He threw himself on the yelling "Mike" Mike, a police officer.

Negri was hustled off by the efforts of a dozen policemen who were necessary to quiet the excited Fichella. Michela was arrested, and weeping, told how she could not stand the disgrace of her young sister and had offered everything she and her husband possessed to Negri if he would marry the girl.

"When I find he will not do this," she said, "I must revenge my sister—that is all."

She was arraigned at once and later released in \$500 bail.

SPRIT OF '76 CLASHES WITH PULQUE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—"One of the most unique campaigns ever waged by Americans in a foreign capital, is being hotly carried on here over the manner of celebrating the Fourth of July."

Some Americans oppose serving liquors at the celebration, which usually is attended by from 2,000 to 3,000 people. So the Society of American Colonies decided to settle the question at an election. The polls were opened yesterday morning at a dozen places where Americans congregate, and will close next Monday.

"Wet" and "dry" tickets are in the field, and the voting has been brisk and exciting, pros and antis electioneering in true Yankee style.

Live and Let Live
To Live
Remember that a World "Help Wanted" Ad. will bring "the very same day" as many competent workers as you may want—persons who not only need work, but who will net you a profit over and above the salary or commissions you will pay.

To Let Live
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Help Yourself by Helping Others

CITY COLLEGE DEDICATES ITS NEW BUILDINGS

Fine Structures on St. Nicholas Terrace Opened With Imposing Ceremonies.

NOTABLE GUESTS SPEAK.

Letter of Congratulations Sent by President Roosevelt—Students Sing "America."

That fine pile of new buildings of the College of the City of New York, occupying the eminence of St. Nicholas Terrace and One Hundred and Thirty-ninth street, was dedicated to-day with imposing ceremonies, beginning at 11 o'clock and continuing for many hours. A notable gathering of educators and men of affairs attended the ceremonies and took part in them, among them Mayor McCellan, Secretary Straus, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, representing Mr. Roosevelt; President Eliot, of Harvard University; James Bryce, the British Ambassador; Joseph Choate, Edward W. Shepard, Mark Twain, Edward Lauterbach and President McGowan, of the Board of Aldermen.

The entire undergraduate body and hundreds of alumni packed the great hall and plaza of the college during the exercises, and this evening there will be a banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria given by the Associated Alumni.

Reception of Guests.

With the arrival of the Seventh Regiment Band on the College Plaza at 9 o'clock the formalities were under way. At 9:15 the trustees and officers of the faculty received the distinguished guests in the Assembly Room in the main building. At 10 o'clock the academic procession began, the guests, college officials, trustees, city officials and students—6,000 in all—passing out of the main building and on to the new buildings.

At the exercises only President Roosevelt and Gov. Hughes failed to appear. In stating his inability to attend, President Roosevelt wrote the following letter to Dr. John H. Finley, President of the college:

"My Dear President Finley:
"I shall ask Secretary Straus to be the bearer of my message of good will on May 14. It is an event of great and real importance, and I am glad that a member of my Cabinet, who stands peculiarly close to me, should be present at the occasion. With all good wishes, believe me, I am sincerely yours,
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Coinciding with the presentation of the national emblem to the college, President McGowan delivered to the college a city flag, and as the Second Battery's salute came over the heads of the close-packed throngs on the Plaza, both flags were hoisted aloft.

Then as the throng of students, officials and guests uncovered the prayer of dedication was said by Rev. Joseph Anderson, D. D., a member of the Corporation of the City of New York.

Great Crowd Sings "America."
Following the prayer the students sang "America" and the refrain was taken up by the crowds that pressed in from the Plaza and the Avenue.

At the conclusion of the singing the guests and officers returned to the Plaza, where the exercises continued. The speeches of presentation and dedication, beginning with an invocation by the Rev. Mr. Lavelle.

The speeches of presentation and dedication were made by Edward M. Shepard, Mayor McCellan and President Finley. Mr. Shepard, speaking first, said in part:

"In behalf of the trustees of the college, I come to the great hall. Here the Mayor and the distinguished guests whom we have asked to meet with us this day, are gathered. The college and the city are united here, and the college is at what, for the college and for the city, is a significant hour. We have asked to meet with us this day, are gathered. The college and the city are united here, and the college is at what, for the college and for the city, is a significant hour."

Mayor McCellan was introduced by President Finley and received with wild applause by the undergraduates. He had been speaking of the college's policy on education.

We have adopted a middle course in this city, where people cheerfully send on free public education to more than any other community on earth. We have adopted a middle course in this city, where people cheerfully send on free public education to more than any other community on earth."

On Wednesday many called and expressed their gratitude to Mr. Cooper and his assistants. These people were distinctly grateful, and many of their statements were remarkable. Judging from what they had to say, Cooper's claim that most "finesses" are due to small trouble is born out.

One of the most interesting statements was made by Mrs. A. L. Stark, whose home is at No. 48 Washington street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Stark said:

"I have been a sufferer for twenty-five years with stomach trouble and nervousness. I have grown steadily worse until of late years I have been compelled to go without food for days at a time. What food I could eat did not agree with me, and I had become terribly dependent. I did not sleep at night and I would get up as tired as when I went to bed."

"I have spent many hundreds of dollars in the effort to get well, but nothing helped me."

"A few weeks ago a friend of mine told me of this new 'Cooper medicine' and I decided to give it a trial. Today I have a good appetite, can eat any thing, and my nervousness has disappeared. I noticed that I was no longer troubled with formation of gas in the stomach the second day after I started taking the medicine."

"If I had not actually had the experience I could not believe it after so many years suffering. This Mr. Cooper has the most wonderful medicine I know anything about."

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Help Yourself by Helping Others

Some Notable Things About the College of the City of New York.

The only institution of the kind on the Continent.
Founded 1847 as the New York Free Academy.
Name changed to the College of the City of New York by act of Legislature in 1878.
New buildings dedicated to-day cost \$5,000,000.
Buildings accommodate 4,000 students, including subfreshmen.
College bell can be heard twenty miles.
The Great Hall seats 2,400.
College now stands as high as other large colleges in America, and is the only free one.

Thaw's Opening in Fight for Freedom Takes Only One Day

(Continued from First Page.)

twice a day and every evening until we get through," said the Justice. "Maybe, then, everybody will need to go to the mountains for a rest."

Tombs Physician Called.
Mr. Graham, being pushed into a corner, said he would offer some of his testimony right away and quote his authorities on the commitment later on. He offered Justice Fitzgerald's order for the lunacy commission in the first trial. Jerome made only a perfunctory objection to the admission of this document. Then Mr. Graham called as his first witness Dr. McGuire, the Tombs physician. He proceeded to repeat practically the same testimony which he gave in the lunacy proceedings of last year.

"I first saw Harry Thaw on June 26, 1906, the day after the killing of Stanford White," said Dr. McGuire. "I saw him about half an hour after the killing. He told me he believed the prosecution in his trial only did it to get him out of the way."

"He told me a month ago, when I was called to see him, that he was comfortable and satisfied with his treatment in the asylum," said the witness. "At the Tombs he treated him kindly. He told me he believed the prosecution in his trial only did it to get him out of the way."

"He told me a month ago, when I was called to see him, that he was comfortable and satisfied with his treatment in the asylum," said the witness. "At the Tombs he treated him kindly. He told me he believed the prosecution in his trial only did it to get him out of the way."

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JOHNSON FORCES RULE CONVENTION IN MINNESOTA

Bryan Men Accused of Attacking the Governor—Not So Eager to Bolt.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 14.—The Democratic State Convention held here to-day to select delegates at large and district delegates to the national convention was a decidedly lively affair, the Johnson men making things interesting for the Bryan contingent, who were plainly in the minority. It was conceded that Johnson's friends had an overwhelming majority and would therefore dominate the proceedings.

When Chairman Day opened the convention he declared that a preliminary business session would be held in Washington given out a statement calculated to injure John A. Johnson. A terrific fight followed the mention of Johnson's name and the uproar continued for some time. Chairman Day then alluded to certain statements derogatory to Gov. Johnson made by certain followers of Mr. Bryan, declaring them to be unfounded.

He mentioned James Mahan, of St. Paul, as the instigator of some of these stories. He mentioned certain other Bryanites as having been collaborators of Mr. Mahan in this respect, and then closed his address by advising the delegates to conduct their affairs with fairness and good humor.

State Senator S. D. Works, of Mahan's party, was nominated for chairman without opposition and he was unanimously chosen. Senator Works in a short address predicted a brilliant triumph for the Bryan men in the Democratic convention at Denver in July.

The threat of the Bryan men to bolt and hold a "rump" convention if they were not accorded recognition either by seating their contested delegates or inserting in the platform a plank declaring in favor of Bryan, as a second effort seemed to have lost considerable force during the last forty-eight hours.

It was declared that none of the contested delegates would be seated, but it was possible that a strong fight would be made on the manner in which Bryan would be named in the platform.

It was decided to-day by the Johnson men to insert the name of Bryan in the platform by declaring that while the Democrats of Minnesota have affection for him and possess confidence in his integrity and ability as a public man, as a man who is equally worthy and who gives greater promise of a successful candidate.

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M'KEE DIVORCE IS GRANTED BY FRENCH COURT

Wife Given Custody of Child, but Husband Must Pay for Support.

PARIS, May 14.—The court to-day granted the McKee divorce, finding that both Mr. and Mrs. McKee had each contributed to the unhappiness of their household. Mrs. McKee is given the custody of their child, with the provision that Mr. McKee be allowed to have the child one month yearly, as well as being permitted to see the child twice a week if living in the same city or town.

The Court also found that Mr. McKee's charges that Col. Baxendale, Mrs. McKee, his daughter, had inspired libelous articles against him in the American newspapers were not proved and dismissed the case.

Mr. McKee was ordered to contribute 1,000 francs monthly for the support of his child.

The divorce suit was brought in this city by Mrs. A. Hart McKee, formerly Mrs. Hugh Tevis.

The Court was of the opinion that a reconciliation between the McKees was impossible, so a separation was the wisest thing. It found the husband guilty of violence and of having committed grave wrongs towards his wife, saying he had yielded on the slightest provocation to the impulses of his vicious nature.

He had aggravated these wrongs by bringing charges against his wife which he could not prove, as well as by having led in court his wife's love letters, which "elementary decency" should have prevented him from making public.

The Court found that the wife on her side unwarrantably attacked her husband by making charges in connection with the disappearance of her jewels and other property, charges which were entirely disproved.

The Court covered to the notarial court all financial questions pending between Mr. and Mrs. McKee.

The Court divided the case between the plaintiff and the defendant. The formal decision reads as follows:

"The court grants the divorce at the request of the wife and in the interest of both parties."

MYSTERY ABOUT SIX INDICTMENTS

They Were Handed In To-day by the Grand Jury of Kings County.

Six indictments were handed in to Justice Dike by the May Grand Jury, sitting in the Kings County Court House, this afternoon, and although much mystery was thrown around them, it was reported that arrests would follow later of persons connected with one of the recently failed Brooklyn trust companies.

District Attorney Clarke refused to say anything about the indictments, but admitted that bench warrants would be issued this afternoon. Members of the Jenkins family were recently indicted for happenings in connection with the suspension of the trust company of the same name, but there was apparently some technicality brought to light in the case after the death of the elder Jenkins before the cases were brought to trial.

Personal was bid up \$2,500 by the owner of Lucille Ray, who finished second.

Priscillian a Winner.
Priscillian, the favorite in the fifth race, was extended to beat Field. Dugan got him off in front and kept him there, galloping all the way. Berkeley ran second the whole route. Early in the race he interfered with Mark Anthony II. D'Arkle, the displaced outsider, finished third. Dandelion ran a very poor race.

Flynn Gets a Bad Fall.
Jockey Flynn, who rode Faust in the last race of the day, was thrown just before the field reached the far turn and appeared to be badly hurt. He got to his feet, only to fall back on the grass and lay there until assistance came to him. He was hurried to the starter's wagon and hurried to the paddock. The winner of the race was Tieling, which avoided the early pace to the stretch, but was overtaken by glory. Zal tried in the stretch after leading all the way, but stuck it out long enough to save the place money from Park Row.

COTTON SLUMPS AFTER JULY LED BIG ADVANCE.

After a sharp advance in the cotton market to-day with July selling up to 10.07, or 21 points net higher than last night's close and over \$4 a bale above the recent low record, there was a sensational break in prices on reports that Wall street speculators for an advance in prices had been forced to liquidate. July declined to 9.48, or 59 points from the top, and the market closed weak at a net decline of 10 1/2 points. Sales were estimated at 45,000 bales.

World Wags Well AFTER BREAKFAST

On **POSTUM**
"There's a Reason."
Read "The Road to Wellville," in p.l.g.s.

Giving Free Samples To Cure Bruneness.

Considerable interest is being shown in a lately discovered drink, called Li-Cu-Ra, owing to the fact that not only does it destroy all desire for intoxicating liquors, but it accomplishes this result without the patient's knowledge, being administered secretly at home. So numerous have been the inquiries about this new preparation that hundreds of free samples of Li-Cu-Ra are daily being sent out from the offices of the Scientific Remedy Co., 45 West 34th St., to those who wish to test the claim that it may be given without its being detected.

Li-Cu-Ra
A Scientific Liquor Cure Remedy
Cures Drunkenness
OR MONEY REFUNDED
\$1 per box. Full treatment, 6 boxes \$5.
For Sale and Guaranteed By Leading Druggists, Grocers, etc., New York, Philadelphia, and vicinity.
SCIENTIFIC REMEDY CO.,
45 WEST 34TH ST.

JAPALAC



It's wonderful how a coat of JAPALAC will improve the appearance of a weather beaten front door. Get a can today, and try it for yourself. It's easy to put it on,—you'll enjoy doing it, and the results are magical.

SIXTEEN BEAUTIFUL COLORS. SIZES FROM 1/2 PINT TO 1 GALLON.
FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS PAINT HARDWARE AND OIL DEPOSITORS.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES